1.	Wing with open discal cell (ie discal cell absent). Tarsi mainly white, body dark.	
		<b>DOLICHOPEZA</b> (albipes) ( The White-footed Ghost)
-	Discal cell closed (i.e. present). Tarsi dark.	
		2
2.	Antennal flagellar segments with a basal whorl of bristles (sometimes some extra ones as well). Antennae not pectinate.	3
-	Most flagellar segments lack a basal whorl of bristles (but there may be a few dorsally or towards apex). Antennae may be feathery (pectinate) in males, or saw-like (serrate).	
3.	Yellow thorax with strong black stripes on top which may be merged.	<b>NEPHROTOMA</b> (Tiger craneflies)
-	Thorax never yellow but orange, brown or blackish; with or without stripes.	4
4.	Smaller, dark chocolate-brown species with smoky wings. Black hairs on postnotum. Top of thorax without stripes. Male genitalia with a long ventral tab.	
		NIGROTIPULA (nigra)

## KEY TO THE GENERA OF TIPULIDAE by ALAN STUBBS Revised by John Kramer - 2016

-	Not this colour. Postnotum bald or with pale hairs. Top of thorax often grey or orange with dark stripes.	TIPULA
5.	Flagellum without any bristles; serrate in male. Drab grey brown body with strong black dorsal mid line on abdomen.	PRIONOCERA
-	Shining black or coloured body; wings with a black stigma or membrane marked. Flagellum with some small bristles, with pectinate processes in males. (Comb-horned craneflies).	- And Contraction of the second se
6.	Wings with a dark band below stigma and a dark tip. Male - each segment of the middle section of the flagellum with two single processes. Female - antennal segment 3, more than twice as long as wide.	DICTENIDIA (bimaculata)
-	Wings without this pattern.	7
7.	Male - each segment of the middle section of flagellum with a pair of basal processes and a single one apically. Genitalia a smooth oval capsule. Female - antennal segment 3 very elongate. Ovipositor very long and upcurved.	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
		TANYPTERA

-	Male - each segment of the middle section of flagellum with a pair of basal and a pair of apical processes. Genitalia blunt ended, often with processes. Female - ovipositor not markedly long. Antennal segment 3 short relative to the other genera of Ctenophorinae, as shown.		CTENOPHORA
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